
Elastic Search

Release 1.0.0

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**CHAPTER
ONE**

INSTALLATION

1.1 Download and Install ElasticSearch

<https://www.elastic.co/downloads/elasticsearch?latest>

1.2 Install package via composer :

composer require burhancelebi/elasticsearch

1.3 Lumen

Add provider to your bootstrap/app.php

```
$app->register(ElasticSearch\ElasticSearchServiceProvider::class);
```

1.4 Laravel

Add provider namespace to your config/app.php providers array

```
ElasticSearch\ElasticSearchServiceProvider::class,
```

CHAPTER
TWO

GETTING STARTED

Add this namespace to your class and start searching

```
use ElasticSearch\ElasticSearch;
```

Multi Match example:

```
1 <?php
2
3 use ElasticSearch\ElasticSearch;
4
5 public function multiMatch()
6 {
7     $elastic = new ElasticSearch();
8
9     $search = $elastic->multiMatch()
10        ->index('test')
11        ->text('Séro')
12        ->fuzziness(1)
13        ->fields(['text^3', 'name'])
14        ->search();
15
16     return $search;
17 }
```


SECURITY/AUTHENTICATION

You can connect to Elastic using Basic Authentication

```
1 <?php
2
3 use ElasticSearch\ElasticSearch;
4
5 class ExampleController extends Controller
6 {
7     private $elastic;
8
9     public function __construct()
10    {
11        $this->elastic = new ElasticSearch();
12
13        $this->elastic->client()
14            ->basicAuth('user', 'password');
15    }
16
17    public function nested()
18    {
19        $nested = $this->elastic
20            ->nested()
21            ->index('my-index')
22            ->path('user')
23            ->params('size', 1)
24            ->addQuery('elastic.bool', function() {
25                return $this
26                    ->must([
27                        [
28                            'match' => ['user.first' => 'Sero']
29                        ]
30                    ])
31                    ->getMap();
32            })
33            ->search();
34
35        return $nested;
36    }
37 }
```

You can set cloud id, hosts and api key

```
1 <?php
2
3 use ElasticSearch\ElasticSearch;
4
5 class ExampleController extends Controller
6 {
7     private $elastic;
8
9     public function __construct()
10    {
11         $this->elastic = new ElasticSearch();
12
13         $hosts = [
14             'http://localhost:9200'
15         ];
16
17         $this->elastic->client()
18             ->basicAuth('user', 'password')
19             ->hosts($hosts)
20             ->cloudId('cloud-id')
21             ->apiKey('enter-your-api-key')
22                 ->sslVerification('path/to/cacert.pem');
23     }
24
25     public function multiMatch()
26     {
27
28         $search = $this->elastic->multiMatch()
29             ->index('my-index')
30             ->text('Séro')
31             ->fuzziness(1)
32             ->fields(['text^3', 'name'])
33             ->search();
34
35         return $search;
36     }
37 }
```

CHAPTER FOUR

INDEX

Index Information

```
1 <?php
2
3 $elastic = new ElasticSearch();
4
5 $result = $elastic->query()->getIndices(); // It returns all indices information
6
7 // You can get specific index information.
8
9 $result = $elastic->query(['pointsort,location'])->getIndices();
10
11 return $result;
```

Create Index

```
1 <?php
2
3 $elastic = new ElasticSearch();
4 $index = $elastic->index()
5             ->name('my-index')
6             ->create();
7
8 return $index;
```

Delete Index

```
1 <?php
2
3 $index = $elastic->index()
4             ->name('my-index')
5             ->delete();
```

Settings

```
1 <?php
2
3 $index = $elastic->index()
4             ->name('my-index')
5             ->settings([
6                 'number_of_shards' => 3,
```

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```
7     'number_of_replicas' => 2
8 ]
9 ->create();
```

Mappings

```
1 <?php
2
3 $index = $elastic->index()
4     ->name('my-index')
5     ->mappings(function() { // Closure $mappings
6         return $this->suggest([
7             'type' => 'completion',
8         ])
9         ->property('title', [
10            'type' => 'text'
11        ])
12         ->getMap();
13     })
14     ->create();
15
16 return $index;
```

Check if an index exists

```
1 <?php
2
3 $exists = $elastic->index()
4     ->exists([
5         'index' => 'my-index'
6     ]);
7
8 return $exists;
```

Get index settings

```
1 <?php
2
3 $settings = $elastic->index()
4     ->getSettings([
5         'index' => 'my-index'
6     ]);
7
8 return $settings;
```

Get index mappings

```
1 <?php
2
3 $map = $elastic->index()
4     ->map([
5         'index' => 'my-index'
6     ]);
```

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```
7  
8   return $map;
```

Update index mappings

```
1 <?php  
2  
3   $index = $elastic->index()  
4     ->name('my-index')  
5     ->mappings(function(){  
6       return $this  
7         ->body([
8           'properties' => [
9             'location.keyword' => [
10               'type' => 'geo_shape',
11             ]
12           ]
13         ]  
14       ->getMap();
15     })  
16     ->updateMap();
17  
18   return $index;
```


NESTED

The nested type is a specialised version of the object data type that allows arrays of objects to be indexed in a way that they can be queried independently of each other.

Using nested fields for arrays of objects

Firstly we need to set mapping to use:

```
1 <?php
2
3 $index = $this->elastic
4     ->index()
5     ->name('my-index')
6     ->mappings(function(){
7         return $this
8             ->property('user', [
9                 'type' => 'nested'
10            ])
11            ->getMap();
12        })
13        ->create();
```

Save a Nested data:

```
1 <?php
2
3 $save = $this->elastic->document()
4     ->index('my-index')
5     ->body([
6         'group' => 'fans',
7         'user' => [
8             [
9                 'first' => 'John',
10                'last'  => 'Smith'
11            ],
12            [
13                'first' => 'Alice',
14                'Last'  => 'White'
15            ]
16        ]
17        ->save();
```

Searching Nested data:

```
1 <?php
2
3 $nested = $this->elastic
4     ->nested()
5     ->index('my-index')
6     ->path('user')
7     ->params('size', 2)
8     ->addQuery('elastic.bool', function() {
9         return $this
10        ->must([
11            [
12                'match' => ['user.first' => 'Alice']
13            ]
14        ])
15        ->getMap();
16    })
17    ->search();
```

CHAPTER
SIX

SORT

Sort people by age

```
1 <?php
2
3 $sort = $elastic->sort()
4     ->index('people')
5     ->field('age')
6     ->order('desc') // you can change to "asc"
7     ->search();
8
9 return $sort;
```


MULTI MATCH

The multi_match query builds on the match query to allow multi-field queries:

```
1 <?php
2
3 $search = $elastic->multiMatch()
4     ->index('my-index')
5     ->text('Séro')
6     ->fields(['name^3'])
7     ->search();
8
9 // If you want to set limit :
10 $search = $elastic->multiMatch()
11     ->index('my-index')
12     ->size(10) // returns max 10 data
13     ->text('Séro')
14     ->fields(['name^3'])
15     ->search();
16
17 // add fuzziness :
18 $search = $elastic->multiMatch()
19     ->index('my-index')
20     ->size(10)
21     ->fuzziness(1) // Ideal value is 1 and 2
22     ->text('Séro')
23     ->fields(['name^3'])
24     ->search();
25
26 // Merge with sort query :
27 $search = $elastic->multiMatch()
28     ->index('my-index')
29     ->size(10)
30     ->fuzziness(1)
31     ->text('Séro')
32     ->fields(['name^3'])
33     ->mergeWith('elastic.sort', function(){
34         return this
35             ->field('age')
36             ->order('desc')
37             ->getMap();
38     })
39
```

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```

39      ->search();
40
41 // Merge with aggregations
42
43 $search = $elastic->multiMatch()
44     ->index('my-index')
45     ->text('Séro')
46     ->fuzziness(1)
47     ->fields(['name^3'])
48     ->mergeWith('elastic.aggs', function(){
49         return $this
50             ->name('my-aggs')
51             ->terms([
52                 'field' => 'age'
53             ])
54             ->subAggs(function(){
55                 return $this
56                     ->name('sub-aggs')
57                     ->scope([
58                         'avg' => [
59                             'field' => 'age'
60                         ]
61                     ])
62                     ->getMap();
63             })
64             ->getMap();
65     })
66     ->search();
67
68 // Merge with highlight query :
69 $search = $elastic->multiMatch()
70     ->index('my-index')
71     ->size(10)
72     ->fuzziness(1)
73     ->text('Séro')
74     ->fields(['name^3'])
75     ->mergeWith('elastic.sort', function(){
76         return $this
77             ->field('age')
78             ->order('desc')
79             ->getMap();
80     })
81     ->mergeWith('elastic.highlight', function(){
82         return $this
83             ->content('name', '<div>', '</div>')
84             ->getMap();
85     })
86     ->search();
87
88 // Other useful functions
89 $search = $elastic->multiMatch()
90     ->index('my-index')

```

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```
91     ->size(10)
92     ->fuzziness(1)
93     ->text('Séro')
94     ->fields(['name^3'])
95     ->analyzer('standard')
96     ->tieBreaker(0.3)
97     ->operator('and')
98     ->type('most_fields')
99     ->search();
```


DOCUMENT**Add a document to ElasticSearch**

```
1 <?php
2
3 $elastic = new Elasticsearch();
4
5 $index = $elastic->document()
6     ->index('my-index')
7     ->body([
8         'text' => 'What is your name',
9         'location' => [
10             'type' => 'point',
11             'coordinates' => [50.30, 20.34],
12         ]
13     ])
14     ->save();
15
16 // You can merge with suggest
17 $index = $elastic->document()
18     ->index('my-index')
19     ->body([
20         'text' => 'My name is Séro',
21         'location' => [
22             'type' => 'point',
23             'coordinates' => [50.30, 20.34],
24         ]
25     ])
26     ->mergeWith('suggest', function(){
27         return $this
28         ->input([
29             [
30                 'input' => 'Music Time',
31                 'weight' => 20
32             ]
33         ])
34         ->getMap();
35     })
36     ->save();
```

Find a Document

```
1 <?php
2
3 $elastic = new ElasticSearch();
4
5 $find = $elastic->find('my-index', 'enter-id')->get();
6
7 return $find;
```

Update a Document

```
1 <?php
2
3 $elastic = new ElasticSearch();
4
5 $update = $elastic->find('my-index', 'Lpkpd53YBR6XiqYGx3M98')->update([
6     'name' => 'Séro'
7 ]);
8
9 return $update;
```

Delete a Document

```
1 <?php
2
3 $elastic = new ElasticSearch();
4
5 $delete = $elastic->find('my-index', 'Lpkpd53YBR6XiqYGx3M98')->delete();
6
7 return $delete;
```

AGGREGATION

An aggregation summarizes your data as metrics, statistics, or other analytics. Aggregations help you answer questions like:

- What's the average load time for my website?
- Who are my most valuable customers based on transaction volume?
- What would be considered a large file on my network?
- How many products are in each product category?

A sample search

```
1 <?php
2
3 $elastic = new ElasticSearch();
4
5 $aggs = $elastic->aggs()
6     ->index('my-index')
7     ->name('my-aggs')
8     ->scope([
9         'avg' => [
10             'field' => 'age'
11         ]
12     ])
13     ->search();
14
15 return $aggs;
```

Terms Aggregation

```
1 <?php
2
3 $elastic = new ElasticSearch();
4
5 $aggs = $elastic->aggs()
6     ->index('my-index')
7     ->name('my-aggs')
8     ->terms([
9         'field' => 'age',
10    ])
11     ->getMap();
```

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```
12  
13 return $aggs;
```

Add custom metadata

```
1 <?php  
2  
3 $elastic = new ElasticSearch();  
4  
5 $aggs = $elastic->aggs()  
6     ->index('my-index')  
7     ->name('my-aggs')  
8     ->terms([  
9         'field' => 'age',  
10    ])  
11    ->meta([  
12        "my-metadata-field" => "foo"  
13    ])  
14    ->search();  
15  
16 return $aggs;
```

Return only aggregation results

By default, searches containing an aggregation return both search hits and aggregation results. To return only aggregation results, set size to 0.

```
1 <?php  
2  
3 $elastic = new ElasticSearch();  
4  
5 $aggs = $elastic->aggs()  
6     ->index('my-index')  
7     ->name('my-avg-aggs')  
8     ->size(0) // default 1  
9     ->scope([  
10        'avg' => [  
11            'field' => 'age'  
12        ]  
13    ])  
14    ->search();
```

Run multiple aggregations

You can use multiple aggregations in the same request.

```
1 <?php  
2  
3 $elastic = new ElasticSearch();  
4  
5 $aggs = $elastic->aggs()  
6     ->index('my-index')  
7     ->name('my-aggs')  
8     ->scope([
```

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```

9      'avg' => [
10         'field' => 'age'
11     ]
12   ])
13   ->addAggs(function(){
14     return $this
15     ->name('my-aggs-2')
16     ->size(0)
17     ->scope([
18       'avg' => [
19         'field' => 'age'
20       ]
21     ])->getMap();
22   })
23   ->addAggs(function(){
24     ***
25   })
26   ->search();
27
28 return $aggs;

```

Run sub-aggregations

Bucket aggregations support bucket or metric sub-aggregations. There is no level or depth limit for nesting sub-aggregations.

```

1 <?php
2
3 $elastic = new ElasticSearch();
4
5 $aggs = $elastic->aggs()
6   ->index('my-index')
7   ->name('my-aggs')
8   ->terms([
9     'field' => 'age',
10    ])
11   ->subAggs(function(){
12     return $this
13     ->name('sub-aggs')
14     ->scope([
15       'avg' => [
16         'field' => 'age'
17       ]
18     ])->getMap();
19   })
20   // you can add multiple sub-aggregations
21   ->subAggs(function(){
22     ***
23   })
24   ->search();
25
26 // Or you can use like that:

```

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```
28  
29 $aggs = $elastic->aggs()  
30     ->index('my-index')  
31     ->name('my-avg-aggs')  
32     ->terms([  
33         'field' => 'age',  
34     ])  
35     ->addAggs(function(){  
36         return $this  
37             ->name('my-avg-aggs-2')  
38             ->size(0)  
39             ->terms([  
40                 'field' => 'age',  
41             ])  
42             ->subAggs(function(){  
43                 return $this  
44                     ->name('sub-aggs')  
45                     ->scope([  
46                         'avg' => [  
47                             'field' => 'age'  
48                         ]  
49                     ])  
50                     ->getMap();  
51             })  
52             ->getMap();  
53         })  
54         ->getMap();  
55     })  
56     ->getMap();  
  
return $aggs;
```

BOOLEAN QUERY

A query that matches documents matching boolean combinations of other queries. The bool query maps to Lucene BooleanQuery. It is built using one or more boolean clauses, each clause with a typed occurrence.

```
1 <?php
2
3 $elastic = new ElasticSearch();
4
5 // Search using must
6 $search = $elastic->bool()
7     ->index('my_index')
8     ->must([
9         ['term' => ['name.keyword' => 'Séro']]
10    ])
11    ->search();
12
13 // add filter
14 $search = $elastic->bool()
15     ->index('my_index')
16     ->must([
17         ['term' => ['name.keyword' => 'Séro']]
18    ])
19     ->filter([
20         ['term' => ['tags' => 'production']]
21    ])
22     ->minimum_should_match(1)
23     ->boost(1)
24     ->search();
25
26 // must not
27     ...
28     ->mustNot([
29         ['range' => ['gte' => 10, 'lte' => 20]]
30     ]);
31
32 // should
33     ...
34     ->should([
35         ['term' => ['tags' => 'env1']],
36         ['term' => ['tags' => 'deployed']]
37     ])
```

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```
38 // Merge with SORT
39     ...
40     ->mergeWith('elastic.sort', function(){
41         return $this
42             ->field('age')
43             ->order('asc')
44             ->getMap();
45     });
46
47 // Merge with HIGHLIGHT
48     ...
49     ->mergeWith('elastic.highlight', function(){
50         return $this
51             ->content('name.keyword', '<div>', '</div>')
52             ->getMap();
53     });
54
55 // You can add GEO FILTER
56     ...
57     ->addGeoFilter('geo_shape', function(){
58         return $this
59             ->index('location')
60             ->type('circle')
61             ->text('What is your name')
62             ->coordinates([51.30, 20.34])
63             ->radius('111km')
64             ->getMap();
65     });
66
67
68 return $search;
```

CHAPTER
ELEVEN

GEO SHAPE

The geo_shape data type facilitates the indexing of and searching with arbitrary geo shapes such as rectangles and polygons. It should be used when either the data being indexed or the queries being executed contain shapes other than just points.

Firstly you have to set index mappings for geo_shape if you haven't set:

```
1 <?php
2
3
4 $index = $elastic
5     ->index()
6     ->name('my-index')
7     ->mappings(function(){
8         return $this
9             ->body([
10                 'properties' => [
11                     'location' => [
12                         'type' => 'geo_shape',
13                     ]
14                 ]
15             ])
16             ->getMap();
17     })
18     ->updateMap();
```

Save a document to search it

```
1 <?php
2
3 $index = $elastic->document()
4     ->index('my-index')
5     ->body([
6         'text' => 'Séro',
7         'location' => [
8             'type' => 'point',
9             'coordinates' => [-77.30, 38.34],
10        ]
11    ])
12    ->save();
```

Lets do a CIRCLE example:

```
1 <?php
2
3 $geo = $elastic->geoShape()
4     ->index('my-index')
5     ->type('circle')
6     ->text('Sérou')
7     ->coordinates([-77.30, 38.34])
8     ->radius('111km')
9     ->search();
10
11 return $geo;
```

For more information: <https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/geo-shape.html>

CHAPTER
TWELVE

GEO POINT

Fields of type geo_point accept latitude-longitude pairs

Set the index mappings

```
1 <?php
2
3 $index = $elastic
4     ->index()
5     ->name('my_index')
6     ->mappings(function(){
7         return $this
8             ->body([
9                 'properties' => [
10                     'location' => [
11                         'type' => 'geo_point',
12                         ]
13                     ]
14                 ])
15             ->getMap();
16     })
17     ->updateMap();
```

Let's add an example data:

```
1 <?php
2
3 $data = $elastic->document()
4     ->index('my-index')
5     ->body([
6         'text' => 'Séro',
7         'location' => [
8             "lat" => 41.12,
9             "lon" => -71.34
10            ]
11        ])
12     ->save();
```

Searching...

```
1 <?php
2
```

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```
3 $search = $elastic->geoPoint()
4     ->index('my-index')
5     ->topLeft(42, -72)
6     ->bottomRight(40, -74)
7     ->getMap();
8
9 return $search;
```

You can search with location function

```
1 <?php
2
3 $geo = $elastic->geoPoint()
4     ->index('my-index')
5     ->pointType('geo_distance')
6     ->location([
7         'location' => [
8             "top_left" => [
9                 "lat" => 42,
10                "lon" => -72
11            ],
12            "bottom_right" => [
13                "lat" => 40,
14                "lon" => -74
15            ]
16        ]
17    ])
18    ->search();
19
20 // you don't need to use pointType(), it will return geo_bounding_box by default
21
22 return $geo;
```

CHAPTER
THIRTEEN

MATCH

Returns documents that match a provided text, number, date or boolean value. The provided text is analyzed before matching.

The match query is the standard query for performing a full-text search, including options for fuzzy matching.

A sample search with Match

```
1 <?php
2
3 $elastic = new ElasticSearch();
4
5 $match = $elastic->match()
6     ->index('my-index')
7     ->field([
8         'name' => [
9             'query' => 'Séro',
10            'fuzziness' => 1
11        ]
12    ])
13    ->search();
14
15 // You can merge with other features:
16
17 $match = $elastic->match()
18     ->index('my-index')
19     ->field([
20         'name' => [
21             'query' => 'Séro',
22             'fuzziness' => 1
23         ]
24     ])
25     ->mergeWith('elastic.sort', function(){
26         return $this->field('age')
27             ->order('desc')
28             ->getMap();
29     })
30     ->mergeWith('elastic.highlight', function(){
31         return $this
32             ->content('name', '<div>', '</div>')
33             ->getMap();
34     })
35
```

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```
35      ->search();  
36  
37  return $match;
```

CHAPTER
FOURTEEN

RANGE

Returns documents that contain terms within a provided range.

```
1 <?php
2
3 $elastic = new ElasticSearch();
4
5 $search = $elastic->range()
6     ->index('my-index')
7     ->content([
8         'age' => [
9             'gte' => 21,
10            'lte' => 26
11        ]
12    ])
13    ->search();
14
15 return $search;
```

CHAPTER
FIFTEEN

MATCH PHRASE

The match_phrase query analyzes the text and creates a phrase query out of the analyzed text.

A sample search

```
1 <?php
2
3 $elastic = new ElasticSearch();
4
5 $phrase = $elastic->matchPhrase()
6     ->index('my-index')
7     ->field('name')
8     ->text('I use Elastic Search')
9     ->addition(['slop' => 1])
10    ->search();
11
12 return $phrase;
```

CHAPTER
SIXTEEN

SUGGEST

Suggests similar looking terms based on a provided text by using a suggester. Parts of the suggest feature are still under development.

Save a suggestion to index

```
1 <?php
2
3 $elastic = new ElasticSearch();
4
5 $suggest = $elastic->suggest()
6     ->index('my-index')
7     ->id(1)
8     ->input([
9         [
10            'input' => 'My name is Ŝero',
11            'weight' => 25
12        ]
13    ])
14     ->save();
```

Search with suggest

```
1 <?php
2
3 $suggest = $elastic->suggest()
4     ->index('my-index')
5     ->name('my-index-suggest')
6     ->text('My name is ') // it returns "My name is Ŝero"
7     ->completion([
8         'field' => 'suggest',
9         'skip_duplicates' => true
10    ])
11     ->search();
12
13 return $suggest;
```

You can use multiple suggestion

```
1 <?php
2
3 $suggest = $elastic->suggest()
```

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```

4      ->index('my-index')
5      ->name('my-index-suggest')
6      ->text('My name is ') // it returns "My name is Sêro"
7      ->completion([
8          'field' => 'suggest',
9          'skip_duplicates' => true
10     ])
11     ->addSuggest(function(){
12         return $this->index('my-index')
13             ->name('my-index-suggest-2')
14             ->text('Music')
15             ->completion([
16                 'field' => 'suggest',
17                 'skip_duplicates' => true,
18                 'fuzzy' => [
19                     'fuzziness' => 1
20                 ]
21             ])
22             ->getMap();
23     })
24     ->addSuggest(function(){
25         return $this->index('my-index')
26             ->name('my-index-suggest-3')
27             ->text('Music')
28             ->completion([
29                 'field' => 'suggest',
30                 'skip_duplicates' => true
31             ])
32             ->getMap();
33     })
34     ->search();
35
36 return $suggest;

```

Other functions you can use for suggestion

```

1 <?php
2
3 $suggest = $elastic->suggest()
4     ->index('my-index')
5     ->name('product-suggestion')
6     ->text('tring out Elasticsearch')
7     ->term(['name' => 'message'])
8     ->input(["Nevermind", "Nirvana"])
9     ->weight(34)
10    ->prefix('nir')
11    ->regex('regex')
12    ->completion([
13        'field' => 'suggest',
14        'size' => 10,
15        'contexts' => [
16            'place_type' => [

```

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```

17      [
18          'context' => 'cafe'
19      ],
20      [
21          'context' => 'restaurants',
22          'boost' => 2
23      ]
24  ]
25 ]
26 ->contexts([
27     [
28         "name" => "place_type",
29         "type" => "category"
30     ],
31     [
32         "name" => "location",
33         "type" => "geo",
34         "precision" => 4
35     ],
36 ],
37 ])
38 ->simplePhrase(function(){
39     return $this
40         ->field('name')
41         ->directGenerator([
42             [
43                 'field' => 'name',
44                 'suggest_mode' => 'always'
45             ],
46             [
47                 "field" => "title.reverse",
48                 "suggest_mode" => "always",
49                 "pre_filter" => "reverse",
50                 "post_filter" => "reverse"
51             ],
52         ],
53         ->highlight([
54             'pre_tag' => "<em>",
55             'post_tag' => "</em>"
56         ]),
57         ->collate([
58             'source' => [
59                 'match' => [
60                     "{{field_name}}" => "{{suggestion}}"
61                 ],
62             ],
63         ]),
64         ->smoothing([
65             'laplace' => [
66                 'alpha' => 0.7
67             ],
68         ]),
69     ])
70 )

```

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```
69          ->size(2)
70          ->getMap();
71      }
72      ->getMap();
```

CHAPTER
SEVENTEEN

QUERY

You can use query function for creating, updating, searching etc.

The index aliases API allows aliasing an index with a name, with all APIs automatically converting the alias name to the actual index name.

Display the aliases list

```
1 <?php
2
3 $query = $elastic->query()
4     ->cat()
5     ->aliases();
6
7 return $query;
```

Searching with query function:

```
1 <?php
2
3 $elastic = new ElasticSearch();
4
5 $result = $elastic->query([
6     'index' => 'my-index',
7     'body' => [
8         'query' => [
9             'match' => [
10                 'name' => [
11                     'query' => 'Séro',
12                     'fuzziness' => 1
13                 ]
14             ]
15         ]
16     ]
17 ])->search();
18
19 return $result;
```


18.1 Get Map Function

Before using the creating, searching, updating etc. functions, you can display the ElasticSearch map.

For example:

```
1 <?php
2
3 $map = $elastic->index()
4     ->name('my-index')
5     ->mappings(function(){
6         return $this
7         ->body([
8             'properties' => [
9                 'location.keyword' => [
10                     'type' => 'geo_shape',
11                     ]
12                 ]
13             ])
14             ->getMap();
15         })
16         ->getMap(); // it returns map
17
18 return $map;
19
20 // You will get something like that:
21 /* {"index": "my-index", "body": {"mappings": {"properties": {"location.keyword": {"type": "geo_shape"} }}} } */
```

18.2 Search Function

This function will trigger ElasticSearch search function, if you add a parameter as array, you will get just those fields.

For example:

```
1 <?php
2
3 $sort = $elastic->sort()
4     ->index('people')
```

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```
5      ->field('age')
6      ->order('desc') // you can change to "asc"
7      ->search(['hits', 'took']); // spesific parameters
8
9      // You will get hits and took fields
10
11     return $sort;
```